## STATE OF MICHIGAN

## IN THE 52-1 DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CITY OF NOVI

STATE OF MICHIGAN,

Docket No. 19-0002619

NICHOLAS REMINGTON, Defendant.

## PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

Volume II of II

## BEFORE THE HONORABLE TRAVIS REEDS

Dearborn, Michigan - Wednesday, October 16, 2019

**APPEARANCES:** 

For the People: MS. BETH HAND P47057

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For the Defendant: MR. NEIL ROCKIND P48618

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issue.

THE COURT: Right, so I don't know why we need to do it again.

MR. ROCKIND: Well, because I'm trying to - I'm - there was a lot that was addressed with the Court when - the - when the State moved to admit the Snapchats they moved to admit it - based on a certification and then on two specific rules of evidence. And I presented a lot of different information to the Court to attempt to reveal to the Court that the predicate for the admissibility of business records and the predicate for the admissibility of self-authenticating records is that they are sufficiently trustworthy.

Records can't be sufficiently trustworthy to be relied upon as other business records or as — as self-authenticating records worthy of admission without a live witness if there are gaps and omissions and missing messages and — and inaccurate content. It doesn't go to weight, it literally goes to admissibility. To admit — for you and I to have a text conversation back and forth and then someone were to admit just as a business record one text message that I sent to you or that you sent to me, and we know that there are other messages before and after, there's a — I think a — it's not a weight issues, it's an admissibility — it — it's an admissibility issue.

It reveals that the records that contain - that are purported to contain and to be sufficiently trustworthy to rely on are not, in fact, trustworthy. They're not, in fact, sufficiently trustworthy to rely on for business records.

So, to the extent that I can, I do want to reopen the proofs and I do want to go through each of these individual Snaps and point out the omissions if the Court will - will - will entertain that - that motion, if it will --

THE COURT: Okay, response, Ms. Hand?

MS. HAND: Well, Judge, he doesn't have to reopen the proofs to do that. The Snaps are in evidence.

The Court has already admitted them. He wants to sit here and argue to the Court each of them, there's no - there is no need to reopen proofs. And I would indicate, Judge, that it does go to the weight, not the admissibility and the - the records are complete. There is a certification indicating that they are.

Sometimes, Judge, you might text somebody and in the middle of the text decide to pick up the phone and call them. That doesn't mean that the text portion of it is not reliable, it just means that maybe there was another conversation by virtue of another form of media, whether it's verbal or otherwise that may have occurred in the

interim. It doesn't make your records not reliable.

THE COURT: Okay, the motion to reopen the proofs is denied. You can certainly argue anything you want to by way of - of objection to the bind over. So, Ms. Hand, at this point I assume you're moving to bind over?

MS. HAND: Well, I thought I - I am, your Honor, if I didn't.

THE COURT: All right. Okay, now your response, Mr. Rockind?

MR. ROCKIND: Judge, I object to the bind over.

The - the entirety of the - the case is - are these

Snapchats. We presented the Court with, I think,

sufficient information to warrant the Court to - to - to

disregard and to refuse to admit the Snapchats, and when I

moved to reopen the proofs I don't - I don't think it was

lost on the Court that my purpose in doing that was for us

to address again the issue of admissibility of these

Snapchats.

This - the contention is is that these Snapchats are as reliable as business records for - for foundational purposes as medical records, as weather records, as records that we rely on - that business rely on every day. Snapchat is not relying on and no one at Snapchat is relying on the actual content of these Snapchats. There

are gaps and holes and omissions in the Snapchats that reveal - there are lines in that - in those graphs that are just blank.

There - I mean, I'm talking about a message from this account to another sender, or the sender of this account which is blank. There's no content, there's no attachment. So what - how do we explain that? Is the explanation that somehow this empty - this empty cell in this - this Excel spreadsheet, that somehow that represents error? That it represented nothing? That there was nothing there?

Look, I would suggest to your Honor that there are business records that are admissible and records that are admissible as business records are admitted for a specific purpose, because the individuals that make the notations in those records rely upon them. Like the nurse that does the vitals at the hospital, that person is making entries into - into medical records and into files each and every time someone comes in for a checkup or a treatment and they're making those because they - that individual knows that one, he or she did the activity. They actually did the vitals and took them, two they noted them and three they entered them in the - the - the records for purposes of the hospital and others relying on that content.

There's nothing about the - the content of these

1	messages that indicates that anybody at Snapchat is
2	relying on the content. And second, there are gaps and
3	omissions. These are just not nearly as - it seems hard
4	to believe we're attempting to take Snapchat conversations
5	by a corporation, by an entity, by a website
6	MRS. THOM: Honestly. You're
7	DEPUTY TOURNEAU: Ma'am, you're out.
8	MR. ROCKIND: Maybe there comes a point where
9	the Court should hold this woman in contempt, as difficult
10	as that might be.
11	THE COURT: Well, we're not - we're not there.
12	MR. ROCKIND: I understand that it's a difficult
13	- I understand that this is a difficult issue.
14	THE COURT: It is.
15	MR. ROCKIND: And I said it last time, Judge. I
15 16	MR. ROCKIND: And I said it last time, Judge. I  - I have children and I am sympathetic. Believe me, I am.
16	- I have children and I am sympathetic. Believe me, I am.
16 17	- I have children and I am sympathetic. Believe me, I am.  THE COURT: I understand.
16 17 18	- I have children and I am sympathetic. Believe me, I am.  THE COURT: I understand.  MR. ROCKIND: And if it were appropriate for me
16 17 18 19	- I have children and I am sympathetic. Believe me, I am.  THE COURT: I understand.  MR. ROCKIND: And if it were appropriate for me  to say something to - to the family, I would do that.
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mocking or making fun of anybody, is --

THE COURT: Okay, you've made your point, Mr.

Rockind. Let's move on with the issue at hand. I'm not gonna hold her in contempt at this point, so let's keep going.

MR. ROCKIND: Judge, I think that there is a Snapchat - itself, the information you presented to the Court, Snapchat's default is deletion. It is erasure. Snapchat says that it is - it's default is to erase. It says its default is not to preserve information on its servers. Snapchat itself says that its proficiency rating and producing information in response to a subpoena or a court order is not 100 percent, it is less.

And I raise those issues with the Court because if you compare that to medical records, imagine if in response to medical records the hospital said to you, they — they started with, "We don't keep all of our records.

We don't keep all of the data that we present. We don't keep everything that's presented. We keep some and our default is not to preserve medical information." But then someone tries to admit some medical information and say, "This is a certified record."

What - and your Honor, I think, would rightly say, "But how? These are not trustworthy. These are not all of the records." Because you indicated as part of the

very foundation for your business that all of the - you don't preserve all of the data, that you erase data, that data is terminated or removed or erased.

But we're treating Snapchat records because someone who we don't know and we can't identify from another state and another country or another part of the - the country who didn't actually take an oath for treating these records as - and putting them in the same category, giving them the same treatment of admissible business records and the capability of being self-authenticated as records from a trusted institution like a hospital where individuals are relying on the entries that are made. And the individuals that are making the entries in those records are making them because they have a basis of knowledge to do so.

So, be that as it may, the other additional concern I have is that there are I don't believe that the - the State has sufficiently satisfied or proven that Mr.

Remington was the one that sent some of those messages.

They wish the Court to rely entirely upon the Snapchats.

So their argument is this, I believe, that the account is registered to him. The content of their messages on that account and those messages on the account registered to him must be from him. And I would question that that's not the standard. They have to prove that those

statements are admissions by a party opponent. And they cannot prove and haven't proven absent any other evidence that Mr. Remington made those admissions or made the statements that the State is attempting to rely on.

So, we would object to the bind over, your Honor, and move to dismiss the case.

THE COURT: All right, thank you. Any response, Ms. Hand?

MS. HAND: Judge, the only thing I would indicate is that it's clear from the videos that are taken where the defendant is identified as the person taking the videos and the timing of the Snapchat messages, that it is the defendant who was the holder of the device sending these messages. And I think that was proven well beyond a probable cause standard.

THE COURT: Okay. So, there has been a lot of arguments made. I'm sure that those arguments are not done. However, there is a couple of things that were raised.

First of all is the incompleteness of the process of Snapchat. And in the digital age that we live in if we were to accept the defense's argument that it wouldn't qualify as a business record to have some digital media that's retrieved from that application then how would anything ever be admissible? In other words, isn't it -

isn't it prima fascia evidence that the account that's got your name and other things is your account unless there's some evidence to the contrary? Is it possible that someone could hack your account and make messages? Yes.

That's true. That's always true. But to assume that, I don't think that's rational.

Was this account registered to him, were the messages made by him, that's the - another objection by the defense. I looked through every single one of these Snaps. Circumstantially, they clearly identify the username Hulkolas as Mr. Remington. There are references to the time frame of incarceration as being in jail. As what clearly appears to be a pattern of - of drug dealing at various different points there are requests for what appear to be Venmo payments, where Hulkolas is responding with Nicholas Remington 1.

There are Snaps where there is an address where
Hulkolas is saying, "My addy is in Northville." That's
where the defendant's address is. At one point I think
the defendant - let me find it, at one point the defendant
actually gives the street address in Northville of - of
the house, so yes. All of those circumstantial facts
could be made up by someone, but I think the more rational
interpretation of all the context of these is that the
Hulkolas is Mr. Remington.

I think it would be a defiance of reason to think otherwise. They're incomplete; you're absolutely right they're incomplete. But that doesn't mean that what's in there is wrong, it just means it's not complete. If you got a medical record and four pages of the medical records were not there that wouldn't mean that none of the medical records were admissible, but only that there were holes in that and that would go, in my opinion, to weight.

Obviously higher and better minds will look at it, but I just don't see any legitimate argument that this is not Mr. Remington's account and that the statements made there are somehow inherently untrustworthy just because they're not totally complete.

With regard to whether or not he actually gave the drugs to the decedent, that's a little tougher. There are many different responses that appear from the - a Snap that must have been posted on the 19<sup>th</sup> asking basically what is - what was he on, what was the kid on, what - various different versions of that where Hulkolas responds methylone, some Mol or Mol and some methylone at various - to various different people.

And there is also some - there is also one pretty relevant Snap from a person that appears to be named on this application as Connor Gibaratz. I looked at the information, Connor Gibaratz is endorsed as a witness.

1	Frankly, I would have liked to have heard from him.
2	MR. ROCKIND: Me too.
3	THE COURT: The statements are, "You gave him
4	methylone and Mol? That's retarded. You fucking killed
5	him. He's a dumbass, but you killed him." I think that's
6	the most clear Snap that Mr. Remington actually provided
7	the drugs, but for probable cause standard I think the
8	People have met their burden that he did in fact provide
9	the drugs and I'm going to bind this matter over to the
10	Oakland County Circuit Court as charged.
11	MR. ROCKIND: Judge, would the Court consider
12	reopening the proofs in order - and compelling Mr.
13	Gibaratz to appear?
14	THE COURT: No, because I don't need that for
15	probable cause purposes.
16	MR. ROCKIND: Judge, we would - before you take
17	Mr. Remington
18	THE COURT: Hold on a second.
19	MR. ROCKIND: We would ask
20	THE COURT: We have a couple things we need to
21	do first.
22	MR. ROCKIND: For that
23	THE COURT: Bear with me for one moment.
24	MR. ROCKIND: Yes, your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Larry, can you go into my computer -

that's the password. Change that typographical error and - and reprint three copies of that, please. That should be contents and not contests.

Okay, I'm sorry, Mr. Rockind. I interrupted you. Would you please continue?

MR. ROCKIND: I'm sorry, your Honor.

THE COURT: That's okay.

MR. ROCKIND: I have - I know it's late in the day.

THE COURT: It's okay.

MR. ROCKIND: I have pushed multiple times, as your Honor knows, either individually or collectively with Mr. Lewis to seek the Court's indulgence in and/or approval in modifying the bond.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ROCKIND: And I do so again. I'm not going to go through all the arguments that I raised previously. I would just rely on those again. I would humbly ask the Court to reduce Mr. Remington's bond in the case to \$100,000 cash or surety, 10 percent with appropriate conditions of restraint.

THE COURT: Okay, so I've listened to all - very carefully to both of your arguments with regard to bond.

And I've already put my position on the record about understanding the - the forum on bond that's sweeping this

country.

The problems that I have with this case with the reduction in bond are as follows. He's on probation for a felony involving drugs. We have a dead young person as a result of actions related to this case. It's very clear that Mr. Remington is a poor member of the community. He's a drug dealer. That's very clear from these Snaps. And the - and continuing behavior after this horrific event in dealing drugs, which could impact other people in the community, including potentially the death of other people.

While I understand that a million dollars is an awful lot of money, I think that my - my concern for the community is so high that I'm not going to lower the bond at this point. I don't know how I could possibly control him. If someone dying from something like this didn't stop him from dealing drugs no piece of paper that I sign is going to do that.

MS. HAND: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Would you please come up and get your exhibit five so that it's not part of the court record as well as the flash drive - or the thumb drive and the disk?

MR. ROCKIND: Do you have an order for us - do you have the order for us to sign?

I
THE COURT: We're reprinting it and it will be
here momentarily.
MR. ROCKIND: Can I approach when we're done
with
THE COURT: Of course.
(At 4:01 p.m., proceeding concluded)

STATE OF MICHIGAN COUNTY OF OAKLAND I certify that this transcript, consisting of 34 pages inclusive, is a complete, true, and correct transcript, to the best of my ability, of the proceedings held and testimony taken in this case on October 16, 2019. November 12, 2019 Nicole R. Olson CER 7173 19th District Court 16077 Michigan Avenue Dearborn, Michigan 48126 313-943-4223